

2023

Impact & Sustainability Report | www.gaia.group



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Unlocking the Power of **Private Capital for Climate** Action and Sustainable Infrastructure in Sub-Saharan Africa

Dear Stakeholder/Investor,

I am proud to present the transformative opportunities that lie ahead in our shared mission to drive climate action and sustainable infrastructure development in Sub-Saharan Africa.

Sub-Saharan Africa faces a critical moment, where addressing climate change and building resilient, sustainable infrastructure is no longer just a goal, but an urgent necessity. The challenges in the region are substantial, but so too is the opportunity. By leveraging capital markets as a powerful enabler, we have a unique chance to change systems at scale and mobilise private capital towards impact investing.

At Gaia we are committed to bridging the gap between climate action, sustainable infrastructure, and the investment community. Our efforts are focused on creating high-impact, scalable financial solutions that not only mitigate the adverse effects of climate change but also promote inclusive

economic growth and long-term sustainability. All this while reducing equalities, through working with communities and focusing on diversity, equity and inclusion. Through our work, we are unlocking opportunities for investors to participate in projects that generate measurable environmental and social returns, while also delivering competitive financial outcomes.

Private capital is pivotal in this equation. With traditional funding sources unable to meet the growing infrastructure and climate needs, the role of private investors has never been more vital. By aligning Gaia's strategies with market innovations, such as green bonds, blended finance, and public-private partnerships, we can de-risk projects and provide a platform for investors to engage in impact investing with confidence.

We are witnessing a remarkable shift in how capital is deployed for the greater good, and Gaia is confident that this

momentum will continue. The convergence of climate-conscious investment strategies and the appetite for climate infrastructure is opening doors to systemic change in Sub-Saharan Africa. This is not only an investment in the future of our planet but also in the stability and prosperity of the communities we serve.

I invite you to join us in this journey as we scale up our impact, mobilise more private capital, and create lasting solutions to the pressing challenges facing the region. Together, we can drive the transition to a low-carbon, resilient economy and build a more sustainable future for generations to come.

Thank you for your continued support and commitment to impact investing.

Sincerely,

Renier de Wit Managing Director

Gaia Fund Managers

About Gaia

Introduction

Gaia was formed and incorporated in Cape Town, South Africa, in 2012, for the purpose of facilitating the investment of long-term capital in renewable energy infrastructure projects in Southern Africa. Gaia has since expanded its focus to other impactful infrastructure, sustainable agriculture, and related private equity investments with an impact focus, core to our purpose. Gaia is considered a leading impact specialist transaction team in Southern Africa and a first mover. The timeline below gives a few highlights of Gaia's twelve-year history with a throughline of seeking investments which generate a positive impact across all the milestones.

Mission

Gaia's mission is to catalyse the climate and sustainable infrastructure transition through a sustainable project development cycle in Sub-Saharan Africa by making secondary investments in climate infrastructure, sustainable infrastructure, and agriculture projects, demonstrating one can profit with a purpose.

2008

Gaia's sister company founded to develop renewable energy projects in South Africa 2012

Gaia founded to catalyse investment into renewable energy and other impactful infrastructure



Gaia lists Yieldco on JSE to crowd in institutional investment into renewable energy assets

 $\odot 2018$

Gaia makes first sustainable agriculture investments and first investment into impactful business ventures in South Africa

 2021^{*}

Lists utility scale renewable energy and energy efficiency vehicle on CTSE Lists digital infrastructure vehicle on CTSE

 2022^{*}

Impact Team

Impact Team Scope

The Impact team oversee the development and implementation of the Gaia's Environmental, Social & Management System, Impact and net zero strategy, impact measurement and management frameworks, risk assessment and mitigation strategies, ESG integration, and stakeholder engagement and communication plans for the Gaia investments.



Tersia Lister Chief Impact & Risk Officer CA(SA), MBA

With over 16 years in capital markets and corporate finance, Tersia leads the impact and net-zero strategies for Gaia's infrastructure and agriculture funds across Sub-Saharan Africa. She is responsible for Gaia's impact strategy, integrating ESG into the investment cycle, risk mitigation, and stakeholder engagement. Her career journey has shown her commitment to addressing poverty, inequality, a just transition, and climate change, specifically focusing on Sub-Saharan Africa.



Kilian Schabort Impact Associate BEng, MCom, CFA

Joining Gaia directly after university, Kilian used the financial and engineering knowledge gained to assist in the investment process into real assets. As it became clear that the market values quality reporting on sustainability and impact, Kilian started the impact monitoring and management process at Gaia. Over six years at the company, they have aided in the development and refinement of sustainability and impact monitoring and management from its inception.

Partnerships

Beyond the in-house impact team, Gaia achieved its successes in the Impact space with critical partnerships throughout its history.

CAPE TOWN STOCK EXCHANGE

Worked with Gaia to create a platform, bringing impactful investments to institutional investors around Africa.



Signatory of PRI, allowing Gaia to follow best practice and compare with best in the world.



Accelerated Gaia's SFDR Article 9 Africa Climate Fund and provided understanding of the needs of international investors.

Proof

Facilitated monitoring and engage our investees to improve impact.

○ 2023*

Lists C&I renewable energy vehicle on CTSE $\bigcirc 2024$

Incorporates and expects first close on Africa Climate Fund

* Firsts in South Africa



Elsa de Goode Head of Operations B.Bibl., BIS Hons.

Elsa joined Gaia Fund Managers in 2024, contributing her skills related to research methodology, analytical analysis, informationand knowledge management to optimise operations. Elsa has extensive experience of FTSE/JSE Responsible Investment indices, using ESG principles in the index design and promoting sustainable and transparent business practices. She is interested in the systemic importance of sustainability and impact thinking in investment decision making and practices.



Built our understanding on the European and international regulations on impact investing and how to show our impact.

Gaia Sustainability & Impact Dashboard

Our investments are selected and managed not only to generate strong financial returns but also to create lasting social and environmental impact. Through rigorous ESG standards and targeted impact initiatives, we are building a more sustainable future, one investment at a time.

Gaia Today

Highlights of the status of Gaia and its investments as a specialist impact infrastructure asset manager.

\$300 million capital deployed to date R4.2 billion

2 Article 9 SFDR "Deep Green" fund 3rd expected 2024

100% Impact Investments by mandate

33 Impactful investments currently managed

5 Impact Investments completed

Sustainable Investment exits

\$13.2 million New capital deployed 2023 R240 million



Sustainability Achievements

Our commitment to sustainable asset management

Environmental Highlights

Climate Finance

R161 million into new renewable energy development in 2023

Social Highlights

Female representation & 2X Challenge

69% Alignment among all portfolio companies

Governance Highlights

3 King IV Compliant listed vehicles

On total capital attribution basis. See Methodological Approach for details on page 46

Gaia's Impact Highlights

Maximising our positive impact viewed through our primary investment categories.



Climate Finance & Renewable Energy Funded with growth capital



Digital Infrastructure Affordable internet access provided



Sustainably Farmed Hectares 1253Ha



Impact Ventures

monthly customers



Impact at Gaia

Overview

Gaia is the Greek word for Earth and Gaia's mission is to drive positive change for the planet and its people by mobilising large-scale investment flows into impactful solutions using catalytic and systemic and innovative funding structures unique to the capital markets. These solutions are identified through an embedded systems mapping process, pioneered by the Gaia team's skills and experience. As an advocate for climate action, Gaia takes centre stage, playing our part in reshaping the global energy paradigm, focusing on Africa. Gaia supports the Paris Agreement objectives through unwavering dedication to climate mitigation.

Measurable impact is the core consideration on what investments we choose to make. Supporting this we consider the additionality of how we can affect change in the ecosystem. This includes the geographical replicability of the solutions and stewardship as asset manager and how we enhance the impact of the investments made. The continuum below demonstrates the degree to which generating a positive impact features in Gaia's capital allocation.



Gaia's Impact Themes

Our investments are guided by a commitment to driving meaningful impact, focusing on sustainability, social equity, and long-term value creation. We aim to address pressing global challenges while fostering innovation and responsible growth across all our initiatives. The four themes below encompass the primary impacts that we are trying to achieve with our investments.

Climate Finance	Basic Needs &	Food Security &	Innovation &
& Clean Energy	Essential Resources	Sustainable Agriculture	Sustainable Infrastructure
Climate change is primarily caused by energy generation. Shifting towards a low- carbon economy mitigates climate risks, enhance energy access, and build a more sustainable future for communities and businesses.	Lack of access to basic needs like safe drinking water and essential resources lowers quality of life. Gaia seeks to provide these essential services affordably to underserved communities, promoting inclusivity and fostering long-term prosperity.	By strengthening agricultural value chains, promoting sustainable food production, and optimising resource use, it aims to ensure long-term food security, foster sustainable growth, and reduce environmental impact through more efficient and reliable access to nutritious food.	Resilient infrastructure and innovation is crucial for sustainable development, as it enhances connectivity, boosts economic growth, and improves access to essential services. This ensures that all individuals benefit from modern infrastructure and technological progress.

Impact Management & Measurement Framework

Gaia uses best practices in our impact management and measurement ("IMM") framework to evaluate and report on impact. Gaia is in the process of adopting Environmental, Social, and Management Systems ("ESMS") for all our funds. The IMM framework is based on international industry conventions, primarily based around Impact Frontier's Impact Management Project with the UNSDGs. Supporting these, we include using principles from SFDR and EU Taxonomy as well as the 2X Challenge.

Impact Management Project

The Impact Frontier's Impact Management Project ("IMP") offers a robust framework that helps organisations effectively measure, manage, and improve their social and environmental impact, ensuring impact is deeply integrated into decision-making processes.

United Nations' Sustainable Development Goals

We have used the United Nations ("UN") Sustainable Development Goals ("SDGs") to identify where we are best positioned to contribute by virtue of our operating model and core strengths, ensuring our efforts are strategically focused on areas where we can make the most significant impact.

Gaia's Additionality

Core to the reason why Gaia was founded in 2012 to provide growth capital in the sustainable infrastructure industry, filling a funding gap by pioneering innovative structures where funding would not have existed. An active and efficient funding ecosystem is required to accelerate sustainable infrastructure project development on the African continent. A vibrant secondary market would attract asset owners with products that match their risk and return requirements.

Gaia is a pioneer in strategically activating these previously excluded investors, crowding in more financial capital for African sustainable infrastructure. Gaia's strategy for financial additionality is to be a thought leader in the sustainable infrastructure and agriculture sectors, to crowd in private capital, especially long-term asset owners. So far, we have succeeded in attracting capital from pension funds, insurance companies, collective investment schemes and family offices. We aim to scale and fast-track our financial additionality through field building, engagement, education, demonstration effect, and collaboration with long-term asset owners and managers.

IMPACT FRONTIERS





Impact at Gaia (continued)

SFDR Article 9 Funds & Impact-Linked Compensation

In 2023, Gaia has shown its commitment to Impact by voluntarily adopting the European Union's Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation ("SFDR") Article 9 "Deep Green" requirements in two of its funds with the third, mandatory Article 9 fund to be added in 2024. As the most stringent Impact and sustainability requirements, as of writing, this demonstrates to other asset managers that high impact standards are achievable with small teams.

Part of the Article 9 requirements includes reporting on Principal Adverse Impacts ("PAIs") in an attempt to minimise any potential harm of our investments. Going a step further, Gaia aims to adopt voluntary reporting on the PAIs of all of its investments by 2026 to ensure that maximising positive impact is combined with mitigating and reducing any potential negative impacts.

Gaia supports the movement to link impact to asset manager compensation. We believe that an Impact Linked Compensation ("ILC") structure holds fund managers accountable to their stated impact goals, mitigate impact risks and puts impact first in fund decisions. Gaia has adopted an ILC structure for our latest fund, which will incentivise financial and impact performance by applying a two-part carried interest mechanism.

Recent Industry Collaborations

As a recognition of the Gaia secondary market innovative initiative, Gaia was invited in February 2023 by the One Planet Council in Paris and ADF and ADIA to contribute to the working group towards the New Global Financing Pact Summit in June 2023, delivering our recommendations to the Head of States in Paris.

During this process, Gaia was co-chairing a sub-group for sourcing action points to increase investments in sustainable infrastructure in developing and emerging markets.

Theory of Change for the Gaia Group

Impact on the Asset Management Landscape

The diagram below demonstrates the intended additionality and the impact that Gaia aims to create through its participation in the market as an asset manager.



Lack of solutions for private and institutional capital into impactful investments

Inefficient funding systems in impactful developments

Companies not fully able to integrate sustainability practices

Generally low quality of ESG and Impact reporting in Africa

Gaia's Inputs

Sustainable solutions & products

Mobilisation of impact capital

Field building, demonstration effect & thought-leadership

Active engagement with portfolio companies and board representation

"Best-in-class" ESG and Impact **Management and Reporting**

Outputs	Outcomes
Financial investor/ownership of underlying assets	Pioneering solutions for in investments, crowding in capital and long-term asse
Crowding-in of private capital through derisking strategy and education	Catalysed Development cy robust funding systems wi secondary market
Quality investments through	Improved ESG performance governance practices, mea progress in sustainability
investment process, ESG Integration and active management of assets	Demonstrate the value of quality impact and ESG pr and reporting to the marke

mpact financial set owners

cycle, more vith active

ice, better easurable

highprocesses ketplace

Impact **UN SDGs**

> 13 CLIMATE ACTION

16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS

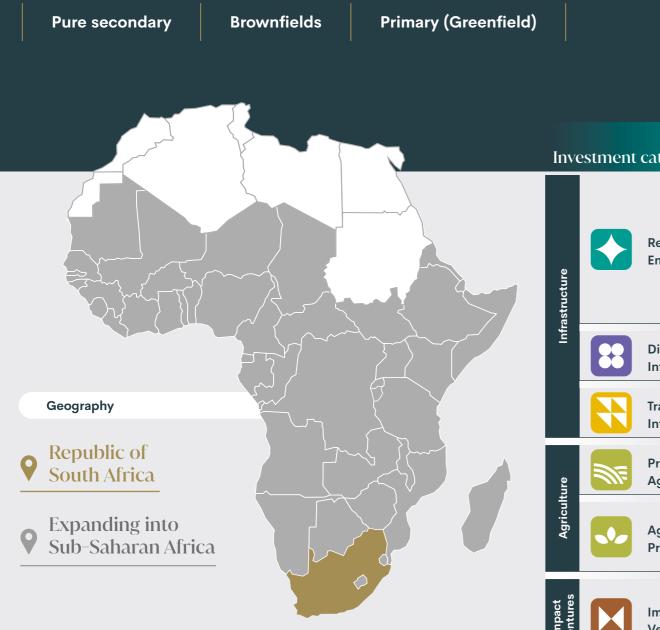
17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS

Impact at Gaia (continued)

Gaia's Investment Strategy

Diversification into high-quality real assets with an immediate, tangible impact.

Investment Case



Investment Strategy

Gaia primarily seeks long-term investment opportunities in the equity of highquality real assets. These projects must adhere to Gaia's risk-return, ESG and Impact requirements whereupon Gaia can apply our unique skill set to improve and optimise all aspects of the project.

Inve	estment	category	Geography	Sub-category	Impact theme	Asset & structure	Vintage/ inception	Transactions/ investments
			Q	On-grid (PPP)	S S	Project Equity in Listed Vehicle	2020	2
Û		Renewable Energy	9	On-grid (PPP)	S	Project Equity in Luxembourg RAIF	2024*	0*
Infrastructure			9	Off-grid (C&I)	S S	Listed Infrastructure REIT	2022	1
Infr	::	Digital Infrastructure	•	FTTH Networks	00	Listed Infrastructure REIT	2021	14
		Transport Infrastructure	•	Toll road concession	8	Project Equity	2018	1
ture		Primary Agriculture	•	Plant-based cultivation	8	Private Equity	2018	8
Agriculture	••	Agricultural Processing	Q	Plant-based food processing	88	Private Equity	2019	3
Impact Ventures		Impact Ventures	9	Various: Agri., Renewable Energy	S S S	Private Equity	2018	5
					Refer to pag e 6 fo	r Im pact themes description	on.	* Expected 2024.

Impact at Gaia (continued)

Theory of Change For Gaia's Investments

Impact of Our Investments

The diagram below displays the intended impact that Gaia aims to create through its investments.

and the second sec				200 - S. P.	the second of the second second	and the local sector of	C NUMERAL AND ANY DESCRIPTION OF A LOSS STATEMENT
Investment Ca	tegory	Problem	Gaia's Inputs		Outputs		Outcomes
Renewab Energy	le	Clean energy needs in South Africa & Sub-Saharan Africa			Renewable energy generation at utility and small scales		Climate action through reliable energy for households and bur reducing energy costs and GH emissions
Digital Infrastruc	cture	Expensive and unreliable internet services	Sustainable solutions & products Mobilisation of impact capital		Affordable Internet access provided		Increased access to affordable internet and economic opport for low income households
Transport Infrastruc		Degrading transport infrastructure with reactive management	Field building, demonstration effect & thought-leadership Active engagement with portfolio companies and		Transport infrastructure sustainably maintained		Improved transport efficiency infrastructure reliability
Sustainal Agricultu		Lack of sustainable farming operations with high quality produce	board representation "Best-in-class" ESG and Impact Management and Reporting		Quality agricultural produce for export		Growth in sustainable agricult ensuring reliable food product and jobs
Impact Ventures		Lack of funding for impactful ventures providing needed goods and services in a sustainable way			Enable business venture impact		Businesses with an impact-foo supported for growth and exp





Impact UN SDGs



Gaia's Sustainability Commitment

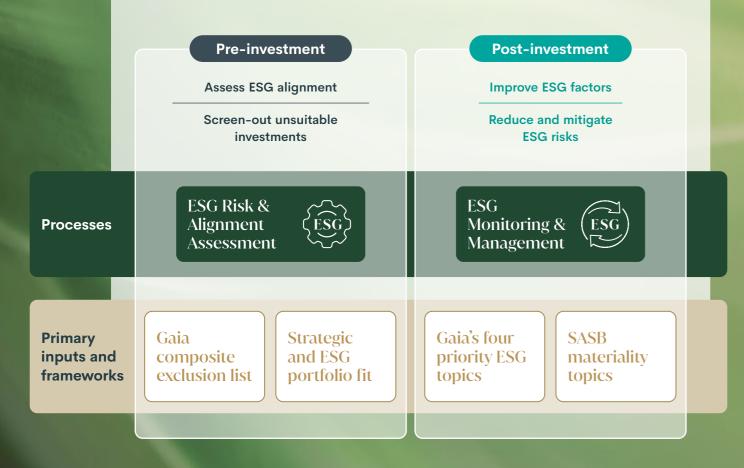
Unscrambling Sustainability & Impact

Sustainability considers ESG (Environmental, Social, & Governance) factors that result in risk to the entity, especially those factors which affect the financial performance of the investment, and necessarily need to be managed. Addressing and improving upon these factors helps reduce risk and results in a business or entity that is more sustainable in the long run. Gaia also consider sustainably opportunities in our investment landscape that aligns with our impact mandate. Impact, on the other hand, is primarily focused on how an entity, through both core and auxiliary operations, can generate positive outcomes for people and the environment.

Breaking Down Sustainability At Gaia

Gaia believes ESG principles are crucial to developing climate and socially resilient companies built on sustainable growth and reducing climate impact that deliver long-term value for investors. Furthermore, we recognise that investments often benefit from following sound social, environmental, and governance practices.

ESG analysis and management can improve profitability and manage risk, resulting in more resilient companies. By integrating ESG into the investment process we enhance our understanding of the investment risk, resulting in lower investment risk. Therefore, we are committed to responsible investment and integrating ESG considerations across all stages of the investment process, from screening to exit and operating principles.



ESG Risk & Alignment Assessment ESG

ESG

Monitoring &

Management

ESG

Gaia's Four

Priority ESG

Topics

At Gaia we aim to catalyse investment into impactful assets and businesses. For this reason, we include ESG assessments pre-investment to screen out investments which go against Gaia's mission as well as to assess the ESG alignment of potential investments.

The primary inputs to pre-investment processes are Gaia's Composite Exclusion list and the ESG Portfolio Fit. The Composite Exclusion considered and adapts the IFC Exclusion list, the Harmonised EDFI Exclusion list, the BII Fossil Fuel Policy, the Government Pension Fund Global and Blackrock's EMEA Baseline Screens in the design of the Gaia Exclusion List.

The ESG Portfolio Fit has the purpose of obtain enough insights during the investment process to understand and add value to portfolio companies' sustainability. Furthermore, the Portfolio Fit and sustainability risks identified in the assessment are the basis of the Alignment assessment where Gaia scores investments. Based purely on sustainability factors, the ESG Alignment scores informs the inherent risk and how likely it is that the intended impact will be achieved.

Once Gaia is invested in a business or entity, the continuous monitoring and management of ESG factors begins. The primary factors included in the management of sustainability include: Gaia's 4 Priority ESG Topics SASB Material Topics

Based on our view as an organisation we prioritised four ESG topics across all our investments, irrespective of the underlying. These are shown below. To ensure our investments are robust to ESG risks, we complement the four priority topics with the SASB material topics for each individual investment. See Methodological Approach for more information on Gaia's ESG monitoring and management.



Climate Change Mitigation, Resilience & Adaptation

Net Zero Commitment

Gaia's Management Additionality

The ESG management of Gaia's investments is where we provide additionality to the sustainability of these entities. As shareholder and through investor stewardship, Gaia seeks to partner with our investee companies to provide financial, catalytic and strategic benefits. Through engagement, we help them implement best practices by offering tools, training, and expertise, managing ESG risk factors, ensuring minimum safeguards, implementing good governance practices, and measuring progress.

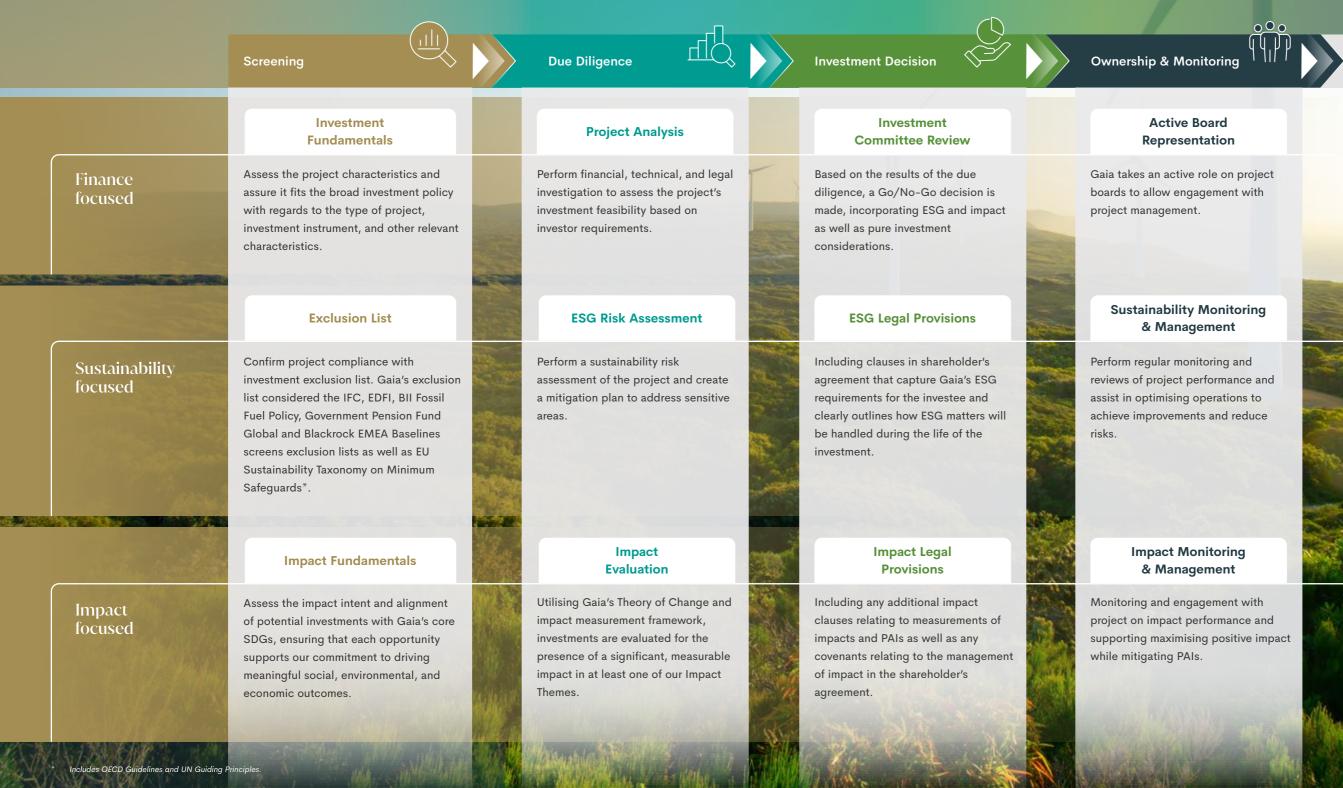
map and board representation.



Gaia has identified four priority ESG topics, that we believe can most affect our ability to build strong companies of enduring value. Engagement includes practices like an ESG action plan, road

Investment Process

Disciplined approach where ESG & Impact are fundamental to the investment process.



Responsible Exit

Exit

Ensure sustainability is maintained post-exit through ESG-aligned investors.

Responsible Exit

Ensure impact is maintained post-exit through self-sustaining impact policies as well as ESG-aligned investors.

Investments, Impact & Alignment

This section of the report aims to provide a holistic view of Gaia's investments bringing in impact and sustainability factors. The table below provides a summary of the investment categories according to the degree of ESG alignment and impact. The impact of the investment categories is separated into the themes and objectives of each. Using the mapping of the Impact themes to the High Priority impacts that follows, the impact focuses of Gaia's investment universe is provided through a radial chart.

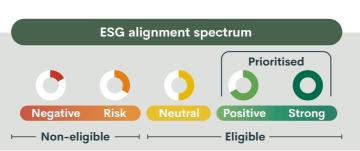
The impact metrics and target beneficiaries have been derived from the below themes and objectives based on the IRIS+ Core Metric Sets. Included in this detail is the potential negative impact SDGs for each investment category. These potential negative impacts give a basis on which to assess the impact risks of our investments and allows us to consider the holistic net impact of our portfolio, not merely focusing on the positive impact. These risks are considered in conjunction with the SASB Materiality mapping for each investment category.

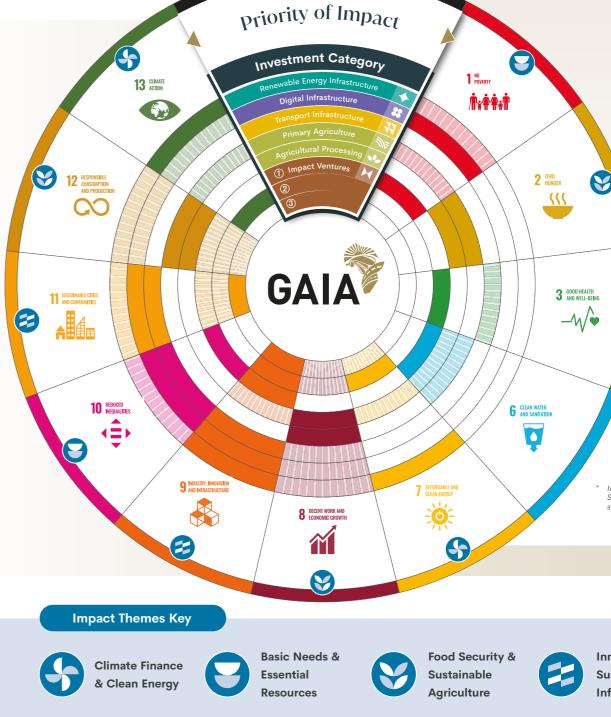
Investment Category	ESG Alignment*	Impact Themes	Impact Objectives	
Renewable Energy		68	Providing affordable utility-scale clean energy to energy grids with limited capacity	
Infrastructure			Providing reliable clean energy for businesses an industry in areas with unreliable electricity supply	
Digital Infrastructure	•	00	Providing reliable and affordable internet access focus on lower income communities	with a
Transport Infrastructure	(B)	8	Maintain sustainable resilient transport infrastruc vital to the efficient movement of goods and peo	
Primary Agriculture		8	Supporting sustainable farming operations cultive high quality plant-based produce	ating
Agricultural Processing	٢	88	Supporting agricultural processing operations wi efficient and sustainable processes	th
			Providing affordable clean drinking water in areas poor access to clean water	s with
Impact Ventures		 Develop new clean energy systems to provide affordable reliable energy to business and indust unreliable supply 	ry with	
			3 Support businesses that are centred around sustainfrastructure, innovation, and resource efficiency	

* Average ESG Alignment rating of component.

ESG Alignment Indicator

The ESG Alignment indicator aims to summarise a complex of sustainability risks and opportunities into one simplified indicator. An explanation of this indicator is provided in the Methodological Approach starting from page 46.





Focus Areas & Priority of Impact

High Priority Impact SDGs

Impact areas of primary focus in measuring, managing, and maximising. These are based on the relevant Impact Themes*.

Priority Impact SDGs

Impact areas of secondary focus. These are synergistic with the High Priority impacts and highly correlated with them in Gaia's investments.

> Impact Venture High Priority SDGs include investment specific impact areas.

Innovation & Sustainable Infrastructure

2023 Results Overview

In 2023, Gaia was successful in continuing to deploy impact capital and grow AUM with impact-oriented investments. While we are in the continuous process of monitoring and aligning ourselves with the various reporting frameworks, we believe our investments demonstrate a high, inherent degree of positive impact.

We are continuously looking for ways to enhance our impact and reduce negative impacts through engaging our investees and other stakeholders. In the coming year we will look to take this further and to find ways to incentivise our investees to seek ways to improve their overall impact.

Based on key impact metrics, we have selected goals for the

portfolio are reported alongside while the investment specific

Above target

Below target

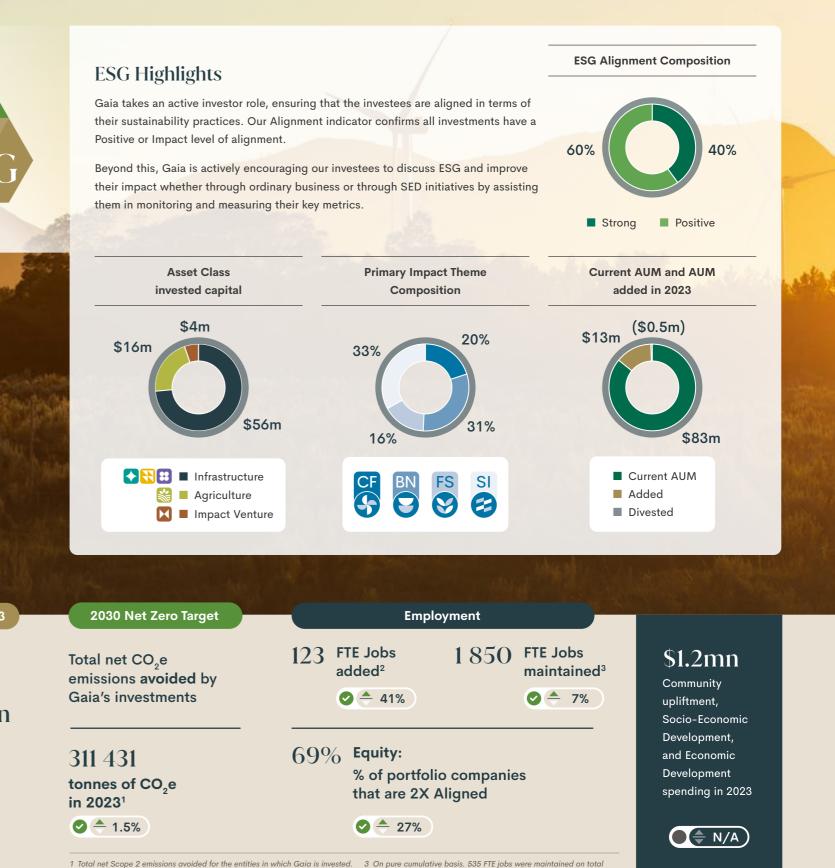
coming year. The goals are based on maximising the key

metrics which are linked to creating the greatest positive

impact. The key impact metrics for the entire investment

key impact metrics are reported in the pages that follow.





Total net Scope 2 emissions avoided on a attribution basis is 16 753 tCO₂e for 2023. See Methodological Approach for details on page 46. 2 On pure cumulative bas

Into The Future

Goal achieved

😢 Goal not achieved

We aim to give the most holistic and fair picture of our investments. Going forward, we are consistently considering new impact metrics including those identifying our potential negative impacts as well as excluding those which do not enhance the overall understanding.

Monitoring

in the future.

2023 Impact Goals

Total Impact Metrics

\$13 million achieved

\$21 million target



capital attribution basis. See Methodological Approach for details on page 46.

The metrics used for impact monitoring in this report are from the GIIN IRIS+ catalogue where possible. The IRIS+ Core Metric Sets are still being developed, especially in the infrastructure space and reporting for projects falling under Infrastructure, Transport, and Information, Communication, and Connectivity will become more standardised

2023 Results Overview (continued)



Environmental Factors

Gaia focuses on investments that positively impact the environment, with a core mission centred on sustainability. Originally focused on renewable energy, our scope now includes infrastructure and agriculture projects with measurable positive impacts while ensuring sustainable environmental practices overall.

Social Factors

People are the core reason Gaia aims to create a positive impact: to create a healthy environment and a better standard of living for all to enjoy. We prioritise businesses that positively impact people, emphasising equal opportunities, women's empowerment, local hiring, and upskilling employees. Gaia aims to go beyond employment, impacting communities through supporting SED (Socio-Economic Development), ED (Economic Development), and community upliftment projects.

2023 Impact Goals



$\begin{array}{l} 2 \hspace{0.1cm}908 \hspace{0.1cm} tCO_2 e \\ \text{GHG Emissions} \\ \text{Produced} \end{array}$

19.7 ktCO₂e GHG Emissions avoided*

Gaia supports businesses that supply renewable energy to offset GHG emissions and encourages reducing nonrenewable fuel use and reliance on coal-powered grids through renewable energy and efficiency improvements.

Water and Energy monitoring and management

In the face of climate change, Gaia supports sustainable solutions in production and consumption to mitigate and adapt to the effects thereof. Gaia promotes solutions that maximise resource efficiency through innovations like renewable energy self-production, rainwater storage, and materials recycling. We encourage investees to adopt responsible and efficient resource use.

* See Methodological Approach 46 for how we calculate and account for GHG emissions.

2X Challenge Alignment

69% Companies Aligned 31% Companies not aligned

Total Employment

$1\,850$ Jobs maintained*

^t On pure cumulative basis. 535 FTE jobs were maintained on total capital attribution basis. See Methodological Approach for details on page 46.

\checkmark

Jobs composition



SED & Community upliftment spending

\$1.2 million

Governance Factors

Gaia advocates for strong governance at the board level of investees, focusing on risk, sustainability, and transformation. Due to the nature of family and small businesses, board diversity lags, particularly in women's representation. We actively engage our investees to set improvement goals.

Formal risk management policy

62% with a formal risk management policy

38% without or with an informal policy

ESG & sustainability discussion at board level

39% regular formal agenda item 46% discussed occasionally

15% do not specifically discuss ESG & Sustainability

ESG policy

62% with a formal or informal ESG policy $\frac{38\%}{\text{without}}$

Female board members

14% female board members

Investment Category

Primary Agriculture

Impact objective

□ What

Description

The primary agriculture we invest into is plant-based farming producing high-quality fruit and vegetables for local and export consumption.



2023 Impact Goals

Impact Dimensions

in production, lack of jobs

ZERO HUNGER

latest data³

SDG achieved

remain

Challenges remain

• Significant challenges

• Major challenges remain

Information unavailable

Primary Agriculture

Impact Focus

Goal achieved

🛿 Goal not achieved

Y

Supporting sustainable farming operations cultivating high quality plant-based produce

Above target

Below target

Food insecurity and lack of sustainability

undernourishment with 3.8% in 2001 to 7.9% in the

South Africa has increasing levels of

Zero Hunger: Trends in undernourishment (UN SDG long-term

Funding structure(s)

Long-term project equity and expansion equity in farming groups

Underlying

Primary agriculture development projects and primary agriculture component of farming groups

Geography South Africa

Cultivars

• **\$** N/A

producing above

benchmark yields¹

75%



67%

Scale of Impact

ZERO HUNGER

above)

Agricultural yield per Ha

DECENT WORK AND

ECONOMIC GROWTH

AND PRODUCTION

cultivation

above)

CLIMATE ACTION

sequestration)

479 tCO e Scope 2 GHG

excluding plant carbon

relative to benchmark (see

1 784 Total Jobs Maintained

RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION

1 253 Sustainable Hectares under

All farms with sustainability

certification Global Good

Agricultural Practice (GAP)

Cultivars using below benchmark

47% organic farm waste recycled

6.5% organic fertiliser contribution

emissions (on attribution basis,

water usage per tonne of yield (see

throughout investments

FTE Jobs

maintained

8.4%

530

of portfolio companies

that are 2X Aligned

 Ξ How much

27%

High Priority SDGs

Cultivars using below 75% benchmark water usage per tonne of yield²

• **\$** N/A

Managing Risk

Potential of Lack of Impact

Operators are financially aligned in creating a sustainable farming operation that minimises inputs and maximises yields.

Potential of Negative

in place to use less toxic agrochemicals and reducing non-organic fertilisers.

```
Some risk of adverse impact
however the operators have
or are busy putting policies
```

Impact – PAIs

- Water footprint benchmarks for crop production: A first global assessment, Mekonnen & Hoekstra, 2014. Linked: https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/ S1470160X14002660
- Latest data from 2022. Link: https://www.fao.org/faostat/en/#data/SDGB Link: https://www.statssa.gov.za/publications/P0211/Presentation%20QLFS%20Q4%20 2023.pdf
- target of 2.5%) DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH 32.1% unemployment in South Africa4 **RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION** Sustainable Consumption & Production



Contribute to achieving priority SDGs in South Africa

New farm developments on uncultivated land providing fresh healthy produce

Helping address unemployment in South Africa through expanded operations

BFAP Baseline 2023. Link: https://www.bfap.co.za/bfap-baseline-2023/



Principal Adverse Impact Areas

 \triangle Risk



Gaia's Contribution

+ Contribution

Impact attributable to Gaia's investment

Valuable contribution as Gaia provides expansion equity capital in primary agriculture which is limited in South Africa.

Primary Agriculture (continued)

CASE STUDY

<image>

Sustaining Communities through Responsible Farming

RKO Oosthuizen's Primary Agriculture is committed to producing high-quality table grapes and citrus while prioritising sustainable farming practices. With a focus on water conservation, the farm employs micro-irrigation systems and conducts regular inspections and maintenance of pumps and pipelines to prevent leaks.

Integrated pest management is at the heart of their operations, avoiding the use of red-level toxic agrochemicals. They consistently seek organic or low-toxicity methods to protect the soil, land, and water systems, ensuring a balance between productivity and environmental responsibility.



The farm is also dedicated to the well-being of its workers. Employees who live on the farm do so free of charge, with housing, water, electricity, and fruit provided at no cost. Permanent staff receive additional benefits, including income protection and funeral cover. The farm also offers a free on-site nursery for employees' children, creating a family-friendly environment. Seasonal workers benefit from transportation assistance, with the farm covering half of their commuting costs, and a daily packing bonus during the grape harvest season to support their income. Workers are offered opportunities for training in areas like chemical handling, tractor operation, and first aid, promoting skill development and career progression.

2 ZERO HUNGER		8 BECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	144	A mar and
18.2% above benchmark yield on total tonnage basis* * Yield benchmark link.	€ 42% percent female employees	121 FTE Jobs per \$ million revenue	96 sustainable hectares under cultivation	100% of organic farm waste recycled	15% organic fertiliser contribution
Impact Dimensio	ns	Tourset Dans Calculation			Managing Dist.
Impact Focus	□ What	Target Beneficiaries	O Who	Impact ≣ How much	Managing Risk
2 8 12		Communities in and around the farming operations on the Orange River in the	See highlig	ghted impact statistics	Potential of Lack of Impact Low
Supporting sustainable farming o cultivating high quality plant-bas		Northern Cape of South Africa.	above.		Potential of Negative Impact Low

Beyond the farm, RKO Oosthuizen makes a significant impact on the wider community. They donate free fruit to local police services and old age homes, contributing to community well-being. They also assist employees with transport costs, covering half of the monthly taxi fare to nearby towns, ensuring better access to essential services. Additionally, the farm has provided training and educational opportunities, allowing previously disadvantaged employees to advance into management positions, reflecting their commitment to empowerment and personal growth.



Gaia's Contribution

+ Contribution

Valuable contribution as Gaia provided expansion equity capital in primary agriculture which is limited in South Africa.

Agricultural Processing

Impact objective

Description

The agricultural processing we invest into is facilities processing and packaging of plant produce for local and export consumption.

Impact Themes 📎

Supporting agricultural processing operations with efficient and sustainable processes

Funding structure(s)

Long-term project equity and expansion equity in farming groups

Underlying

Agri-processing facility development and secondary agriculture component of farming groups

Geography South Africa



2023 Impact Goals

Agricultural Processing

Goal achieved Above target 🛿 Goal not achieved Below target

108%	Unsound Packing		
1.0070	Damage		

✓ ÷ 4.1%



8 ÷ 22%

Post harvest handling and storage loss target of 5.6%, average of Industrialised Asia, Europe & North America*

* https://www.fao.org/4/mb060e/mb060e00.pdf

Impact Dimensions



* Link: https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/dataportal/database

DECENT WORK & ECONOMIC GROWTH

32.1% unemployment in South Africa#

Link: https://www.statssa.gov.za/publications/P0211/Presentation%20QLFS%20Q4%20 2023.pdf #

Target Beneficiaries ○ Who Farming Operations in South Africa Northern Cape Western Cape

Contribute to achieving priority SDGs in South Africa

Expanding packing, storage, and processing facilities which are sustainable, efficient, and reduce wastage, aiding SDG 12 & 2.

Providing stable employment in rural South African communities with very high unemployment rates.

67% of portfolio companies

2 → 33%

that are 2X Aligned

litres of water per tonne 536 of produce processed

8 📥 16%

Benchmark of 463L per tonne packed. https://www.hortgro.co.za/industry-news/

Managing Risk

Potential of Lack of Impact

Strong alignment of operations to minimise food wastage and maximise sustainability.

Potential of Negative Impact - PAIs

Organisations are aiming to be sustainable and efficient but there is some risk due to packaging materials that are required.



-



Gaia's Contribution

+ Contribution

Impact attributable to Gaia's investment

Significant contribution: there exists a need for expanded processing and storage capacity with the South African energy constraints and the export issues at South African ports.

29

Agricultural Processing (continued)

CASE STUDY



Sustainable Agricultural Processing for Local and Export Markets

Lucerne Agri Investments ("LAI") plays a key role in processing fruit and vegetables from surrounding areas, supplying both local and export markets. Across their two processing facilities, LAI handles a diverse range of produce, including avocados, tomatoes, plums, pears, persimmons, lemons, and clementines.

To ensure the highest quality standards, LAI employs state-ofthe-art equipment and technology, allowing for precise quality control and minimising food wastage to the absolute minimum.



Their commitment to reducing environmental impact extends to packaging as well, with approximately 40% of their packaging by weight being recyclable, though final packaging decisions are often driven by retailers' preferences.

In 2023, LAI installed solar panels at their main facility to reduce reliance on non-renewable energy sources, and they plan to implement solar battery energy storage systems ("BESS") at their other facility in 2024. These initiatives reflect LAI's long-term commitment to renewable energy and sustainable practices. In addition, LAI prioritises using local

Ø

45% percent female employees

(U) 7.25%

of energy requirements from own renewable generation*

* Panels installed in 2023.

M

150 FTE jobs attributable to Gaia's investments#

On long-term capital attribution basis.



1%

unsound packing damage, significantly outperforming our post-harvest handling and storage losses of 5.6%

40%

of packaging material used is widely recyclable, recyclable materials used wherever possible

96% of produce received is packed and dispatched for

Impact Dimensions



Target Beneficiaries	
	O Who
Communities around the proce Western Cape of South Africa a South Africa and internationally	and customers in

Scale of Impact 王 How much	Managing R
See highlighted impact statistics	Potential of Lack of Impa Low
above.	Potential of Negative Im

Gaia Group Impact and Sustainability Report 2023 30

service providers wherever possible, ensuring that their operations contribute to the surrounding community and support the local economy.

With 738 employees, LAI emphasises worker safety and well-being through robust safety protocols and risk management systems. Their packhouses maintain formal risk registers to identify key operational risks and outline mitigation strategies. This, combined with advanced technology, ensures the efficient, safe, and sustainable processing of produce for both local and international markets.



Renewable Energy

Description

The renewable energy infrastructure we invest into is firstly utility-scale projects providing energy to national energy utilities and power pools. The second type of infrastructure is the commercial and industrial (C&I) renewable energy and battery systems and the development thereof.

Impact Themes

2023 Impact Goals

Impact Dimensions

Renewable Energy

🛿 Goal not achieved

Impact Focus

sustainable energy

Goal achieved

Impact objective

Providing reliable affordable clean energy at utility and commercial scales in areas with strained electricity supply

▲ Above target

Below target

Lack of access to affordable, reliable, and

Renewable energy share in South Africa is 3.9%

Geography

Funding structure(s)

renewable energy systems

Underlying

95.3

MW(p)

South Africa

Sub-Saharan

Long-term utility-scale project equity and pure

asset ownership of C&I renewable energy systems

Utility-scale renewable energy projects and C&I

High Priority SDGs



FTE jobs

maintained

🛚 🔶 40%

31



33%

Managing Risk

Potential of lack of impact

Investments are strictly limited to producing clean energy and efficient systems to help provide clean energy

Potential of negative impact - PAIs

Investments take significant measures to prevent harm to life on land and below water

* https://trackingsdg7.esmap.org/time#tab-1-2

AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY

(UN SDG long term target of 55%)*

- SDG achieved
- Challenges remain
- Significant challenges remain
- Major challenges remain
- Information unavailable

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□ What

Target Beneficiaries

Citizens, industry and businesses of South Africa

clean energy

capacity

maintained

Scale of Impact

new clean

developed

• **\$** N/A

MW

○ Who

energy capacity

 $\overline{\Xi}$ How much AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY

Average tariff – USD 0.10 per kWh

Renewable energy Annual Production and efficiency savings - 304 784 MWh

INFRASTRUCTURE

116 600 equivalent households powered

CLIMATE ACTION

GHG emissions offset – 19 586 tonnes of CO_ee

INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND





of portfolio companies that are 2X Aligned

∆ Risk





Gaia's Contribution

+ Contribution

Impact attributable to Gaia's investment

Gaia adds a significant contribution by funding new renewable energy developments and creating a secondary market for renewable energy assets. Through building innovative structures, Gaia provides institutions access to impact investments in renewable energy and energy efficient systems.

Renewable Energy (continued)

CASE STUDY

Tsitsikamma Community Wind Farm



Powering Sustainable Communities through Renewable Energy

The Tsitsikamma Community Wind Farm ("TCWF"), located in South Africa's Eastern Cape, plays a vital role in the country's renewable energy landscape. Built as part of the government's Renewable Energy Independent Power Producer Procurement Programme ("REIPPPP"), TCWF generates clean, renewable electricity, reducing reliance on coal-fired power plants.

The facility's 20-year Power Purchase Agreement ("PPA") with the national power utility ensures a sustainable energy supply while supporting growing household and industry demands. By investing in TCWF, Gaia supports South Africa's green energy transition and helps reduce carbon emissions.



Beyond generating affordable renewable energy, TCWF is committed to community development. It funds early childhood development centres, supports local initiatives like the Wittekleibosch Community Gardens, and has restored the Oliver Tambo Community Hall, creating jobs and providing essential community spaces. The company invests 2.1% of its quarterly revenue into local development projects, facilitating bursaries, educational resources, and expanded local businesses. Free Wi-Fi, in partnership with a local ISP, reaches over 650 households, enhancing access to business, job, and educational opportunities.

0.7%

of revenue spent on providing student bursaries, school uniforms, teacher training, parental support, and educational resources

Impact Dimensions



Providing reliable affordable clean energy at utilityscale to a electricity grid with supply shortages.



58% percent female employees

5 GENDER EQUALITY

□ What

Ø

1

Target Beneficiaries

Eastern Cape.

\$12 200 spent on employee training and upskilling

Citizens, industry and businesses of South Africa

and the Tsitsikamma communities in South Africa's

19 FTE jobs maintained

○ Who



2.1%

of \$30 million revenue spent on Socio Economic Development in the communities surrounding the wind farm in 2023



17.3k tonnes

of CO₂e offset through renewable energy generation attributable to Gaia's investment *

* On long-term capital attribution basis.



TCWF actively manages environmental risks, including monitoring wind speeds to mitigate potential changes due to climate change. The facility also takes measures to minimise impacts on bird and bat populations, a common challenge for wind farms. Employees receive short-term incentive bonuses, study assistance, and contributions to their provident fund and group life cover, while their families can access free counselling sessions. With ongoing risk management and mitigation, TCWF remains focused on delivering renewable energy while ensuring minimal ecological disruption.



Gaia's Contribution

+ Contribution

Beneficial contribution as Gaia provided secondary equity capital to help catalyse the renewables project development cycle.

Digital Infrastructure

Description

Gaia invests into secondary and brownfields broadband fibre networks and the related digital infrastructure to improve the affordable access to high-speed internet access, focusing on low-to-mid income communities.

Impact Themes

Impact objective

Providing reliable and affordable internet access with a focus on lower income communities

Funding structure(s) Long-term investment through listed infrastructure REIT

Underlying

Broadband fibre networks in urban and peri-urban areas and associated digital infrastructure

Geography South Africa

97% average network uptime

price of cheapest \$1.20 package per Mbps

Taraet of \$1.81

🕑 🔷 33%

○ Who

Local price of R22/Mpbs on unlimited package

8 → 2% Target of 99%.

Target Beneficiaries

Communities in South African provinces connected to affordable and reliable broadband fibre internet



Affordable and reliable uncapped fixed broadband connectivity is a more inclusive and affordable solution.

100%

Scale of I	Impact
	∃ How much

GROWTH

10

(see above)

INFRASTRUCTURE

REDUCE INEQUALITIES

according to Living

30% Low

29% Mid

2% High

39% Low-mid

Connections composition

Standards Measure (LSM):

DECENT WORK & ECONOMIC

Jobs created and maintained

INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND

Connected homes – 34 940

38 FTE jobs

maintained

Managing Risk

of portfolio companies

that are 2X Aligned

Potential of Lack of Impact

The risk to achieving the desired impact is primarily in making customers aware of the total cost of their current connectivity and how, through broadband fibre networks, their cost of connectivity can reduce significantly.

Potential of Negative Impact - PAIs

The infrastructure is inherently a sustainable way to provide broadband internet access in the long term. The construction is done in a way to minimise any damage to life on land.

Digital Infrastructure Goal achieved Above target

2023 Impact Goals

😣 Goal not achieved Below target

Impact Dimensions

Impact Focus

□ What

25% of South Africans are without internet access and are excluded from the digital economy

INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

- 74.7% Internet use in South African Population (UN SDG long-term target of 100%¹)
- Average price of 1GB of mobile data in South Africa - \$1.81 (Cable, 2023²)
- Average cost of fixed broadband per Mbps per month - \$0.50 (Cable, 2023³)

The current access provided through mobile broadband subscriptions in South Africa is promising, however, the high cost of this access with modern connectivity needs is not sufficient for economic inclusion.

- SDG achieved
- Challenges remain
- Significant challenges remain
- Major challenges remain
- Information unavailable
- Link: https://www.itu.int/en/ITU-D/Statistics/Pages/stat/default.aspx
- Link: https://www.cable.co.uk/broadband/pricing/worldwide-com Link: https://www.cable.co.uk/mobiles/worldwide-data-pricing/



Principal Adverse Impact Areas

Gaia's Contribution

△ Risk



Impact attributable to Gaia's investment

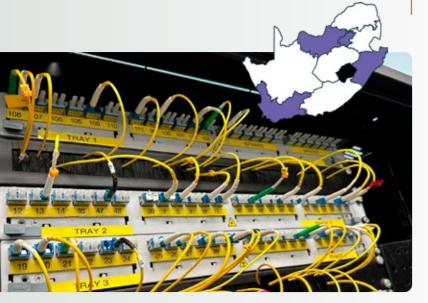
+ Contribution

Aggressive initial expansion using debt financing has resulted in financially strained network owners and severely slowed expansion. Gaia helps create a sustainable development cycle catalysed by long-term equity funding in the South African fibre market.

Digital Infrastructure (continued)

CASE STUDY

Gaia Fibonacci Fibre REIT



Enabling Affordable, Sustainable Internet Access

Gaia Fibonacci Fibre REIT ("GFFR") is a listed entity focused on investing in fibre optic networks to provide affordable broadband access to low and middle-income communities.

By acquiring fibre networks and partnering with an experienced operator, GFFR ensures optimal performance of its assets while expanding internet connectivity to underserved areas.



Fibre infrastructure is more sustainable and resilient than wireless technologies or copper wires, requiring half the maintenance and lasting over 20 years. Made primarily from silicon, fibre optic cables have a lower environmental impact compared to alternatives that rely on resource-intensive mining and chemical processes. While GFFR's fibre networks are environmentally sustainable, the company carefully manages potential risks, using minimally intrusive construction methods to reduce disruptions to soil and ecosystems during installation.

1 POVERTY **Ř: Ř: Ř: Ř**

83% of connected homes in low and low-mid LSM areas*

66% of total Homes connected

* Living Standards Measure. Link: https://fas.usda.gov/data/south-africa-understanding living-standards-measure-segmentation-south-africa

Impact Dimensions





Providing reliable and affordable internet access with a focus on lower income communities.



39% percent female employees

2X Challenge Aligned



FTE jobs maintained

above.



See highlighted impact statistics

Managing Risk

∆ Risk

Potential of Lack of Impact

Potential of Negative Impact



and KwaZulu-Natal.

Beyond improving connectivity, GFFR creates positive social impacts by partnering with local educational centres to house its active equipment, providing these institutions with rental income at no cost. Looking ahead, GFFR is addressing power outages in South Africa by implementing solar-battery solutions to ensure that 90% of its networks can operate during blackouts within the next 24 months. These efforts reflect GFFR's commitment to both sustainability and community upliftment.

Gaia's Contribution

+ Contribution

Significant contribution as Gaia provides long-term equity capital to help catalyse the fibre network development cycle. Investment Category

Transport Infrastructure

Impact objective

Description

Gaia invests into critical transport infrastructure needed for economic development and inclusion.

Impact Themes

Maintain sustainable resilient transport infrastructure vital to the efficient movement of goods and people

Funding structure(s) Long-term project equity

Underlying Toll Road Concessions

> Geography South Africa



2023 Impact Goals

Transport Infrastructure

▲ Above target Goal achieved 😣 Goal not achieved Below target

Impact Dimensions

Impact Focus

□ What

Degrading transport infrastructure with historically reactive management

INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

- Trends in Logistics Performance Index: Infrastructure Score (UN SDG Indicator)
- South Africa has degrading Infrastructure Score (2022*)
- SDG achieved
- Challenges remain • Significant challenges
- remain Major challenges remain
- Information unavailable



GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING Traffic Deaths indicator - South Africa at 24.5 deaths

per 100 000 population with a long-term target of 3.5

* Link: https://lpi.worldbank.org/international/global

Accidents per 0.49million vehicle kilometres

• **\$** N/A

Target Beneficiaries

○ Who

320

Total roadway

• **\$** N/A

closure in hours

South African citizens and industry who rely on the efficiency and affordability of the road transport routes.





FTE jobs

maintained

20

of portfolio companies 100% that are 2X Aligned Managing Risk Potential of Lack of Impact There is low risk of lack of impact considering this type of infrastructure is so crucial to the transport of goods and people across South Africa with a lack of efficient rail transport. Potential of Negative Impact - PAIs Due to the nature of the automotive market in South

Africa, nearly all the traffic will be internal combustion engine vehicles. This implies an inherent risk that use of the transport infrastructure will lead to GHG emissions



VSTC

△ Risk



Gaia's Contribution

+ Contribution

Impact attributable to Gaia's investment

Minor contribution by Gaia relating to the team's expertise and involvement in the project ensuring sustainable management.

WDE HOEK PLAZ



N3TC

Transport Infrastructure (continued)

CASE STUDY

N3 Toll Road Concession



Supporting Critical Transport Infrastructure and Community Development

The N3 Toll Road Concession ("N3TC") operates and maintains a 415 km stretch of one of South Africa's most vital transport routes, linking Johannesburg and Durban.

This road is essential for economic activity, as land transport dominates due to rail inefficiencies. Ensuring the safe and reliable operation of the N3 supports the movement of goods and people, playing a key role in the country's economy.

While road maintenance is carbon-intensive, N3TC reduces environmental impact by recycling old asphalt, lowering



material waste. The concession has also implemented solar power at its regional office and is exploring further solar solutions. Recycling initiatives are ongoing at all toll plazas, with litter collected along the route also recycled, contributing to a more sustainable infrastructure system.

N3TC is committed to community development through numerous Social Economic Development ("SED") and Corporate Social Investment ("CSI") projects. These include training programmes, employee wellness initiatives, and bursaries for staff children. The concession partners with rural

Ň:***

40

Community Development Initiatives supported



50%

employees

36% female board percent female members



20 FTE jobs maintained



\$598k

spent on Corporate Social Investment and Socio-**Economic Development in 2023**

\$160k

spent on employee upskilling and training in 2023

Impact Dimensions

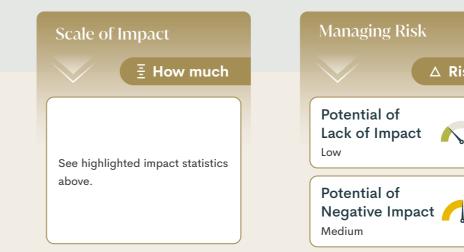


Target Beneficiaries



○ Who

South African citizens and industry who rely on the efficiency and affordability of the primary highway between the industrial hub of Johannesburg and the major port city of Durban, South Africa's 1st and 3rd most populated cities.



communities to support 40 development and skills initiatives, provides bursaries to 8 schools and 10 students, and offers learnerships to disabled individuals. Additional initiatives include food security, early childhood development, and youth programmes, uplifting communities along the N3.

Though the direct impact may be more limited compared to other Gaia projects, the N3 Toll Road remains a vital infrastructure investment, supporting both sustainability efforts and community development.



Gaia's Contribution

+ Contribution

Somewhat significant contribution as Gaia helps to actively manage and optimise the project.







\$0.016 per litre of drinking water sold



percent female employees

Impact Dimensions



Providing affordable clean drinking water in areas with poor access to clean water in a sustainable way.

Delivering Clean Drinking Water and Reducing Environmental Impact

For over 17 years, Oasis Water has been dedicated to providing clean, safe drinking water, improving quality of life and promoting health. What began with the simple idea of refillable water has grown significantly, and today Oasis serves over 1 million customers each month.

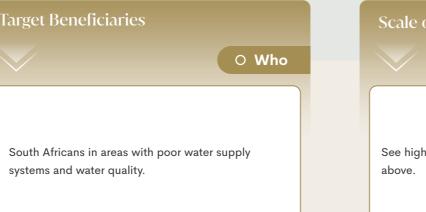
Driven by a commitment to innovation and sustainable infrastructure, Oasis Water is actively engaged in research and pilot projects to upgrade water purification systems at over 370 retail stores. These upgrades aim to replace existing



117 ML of Water sold in areas with poor drinking water



572 FTE jobs maintained





equipment with more energy- and water-efficient technology, ensuring the company continues to deliver clean water while reducing its environmental footprint. In addition to these advancements, Oasis is incorporating renewable energy solutions, such as solar panels, inverters, and battery packs, at select retail locations and manufacturing plants. These efforts are part of a long-term sustainability strategy designed to balance essential resource delivery with environmental responsibility.

Beyond their core business, Oasis Water also invests in people and communities. They provide learnership programmes and



77% of water volume sold from refills



100% of plastic sold is refillable and recyclable





Potential of Low to medium

offer internships that have led to full-time employment opportunities. Oasis Water fosters a supportive workplace culture through social gatherings and provides important benefits to their employees, including a pension fund, funeral cover, and life insurance. These initiatives underscore Oasis Water's broader commitment to social impact, ensuring both their employees and the communities they serve are supported.

Gaia's Contribution

+ Contribution

Valuable contribution as Gaia provided flexible capital for significant expansions within tight deadlines.

Methodological Approach

Introduction

This page outlines the systematic framework and techniques employed to assess and measure the social, environmental, and financial outcomes of Gaia's investments. This is crucial in providing transparency and rigour to the evaluation process, ensuring stakeholders have a clear understanding of how impact is assessed and quantified. By detailing the methods, data sources, and analytical tools used, this section establishes the foundation for the credibility and reliability of the impact assessment. Furthermore, it serves as a roadmap for the replicability of similar evaluations in future investments.

Impact framework

Gaia used Impact Frontier's Impact Management Project ("IMP") framework to break down the impact of each investment category¹. The IMP breaks impact into five dimensions: the impact itself, the stakeholders, the degree of change, the depth, the risks to achieving the desired impact, and Gaia's role in catalysing this impact. Gaia applied the IMP template to assess the various impacts, which are summarised in this report. The United Nations (UN) Sustainable Development Goals ("SDGs") were used to categorise these impacts².

Principal adverse impacts ("PAIs")

Identifying the PAIs of an investment ensures a balanced view of portfolio companies and projects. This provides a starting point from which improvements and risk mitigation processes can be implemented to reduce negative impacts. The PAIs are based on the material SDGs identified in the materiality mapping above. Any SDGs where the investments could have a significant adverse impact were noted, along with other relevant potential adverse impact SDGs, based on SDG targets, indicators, and understanding of the investments.

Materiality Monitoring & Mapping

The method used to identify the material topics of investments needs to be unbiased to ensure Gaia recognises any adverse impacts, positive impacts, or sustainability risks. The method used aims to be as rigorous and objective as possible. The process followed for each investment is detailed below:

Using the SASB Standard's Materiality Finder, the most relevant SASB Industry was selected for each category³. The Relevant Issues for the linked Industry are then identified using the SASB tool.

1

Mapping of Relevant Issues to the material SDGs was performed using the Betti et al (2018) study on the alignment between the SASB Materiality and the SDGs⁴.

2

Using these material impact areas, we perform sustainability risk assessments and impact risk assessments. Based on this, we also derive the alignment scores for the investment categories.

ESG ALIGNMENT COMPASS

Gaia uses the UN SDGs alongside the IMP framework to measure and assess its impact objectives. Through the alignment compass, Gaia assesses and reports on the sustainability risks of businesses or projects. Together with impact measures, these provide a more comprehensive assessment of both ESG and impact.

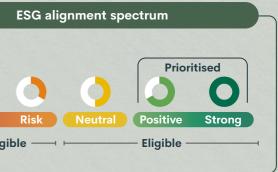
The compass is composed of five levels, from Negative impact to Impact, ranging based on the strength, width, and depth of the impact. Gaia does not invest in the Negative or Risk levels and prioritises the Positive and Impact levels.





The result is a set of ESG factors and SDGs relevant to the investment category, against which each investment is assessed.

 $\left(4 \right)$



Link: https://impactfrontiers.org/nd

Link: https://sdgs.un.org/goals. Link: https://sdgs.un.org/goals. Link: https://sdgs.un.org/goals. Betti, Gianni and Consolandi, Costanza and Eccles, Robert. (2018). The Relationship between Investor Materiality and the Sustainable Development Goals: A Methodological Framework. Sustainability. 10. 10.3390/su10072248.

Methodological Approach (continued)

2X challenge

As part of its DEI initiatives, Gaia supports empowering women in its portfolio companies, measured against the 2X Challenge of 2X Global¹. The criteria of the 2X Challenge outline what is required at both the portfolio company and fund levels to claim compliance².

At the portfolio company level, Gaia assessed alignment based on employment criteria, including the percentage of women in the workforce, depending on the industry, and a quality indicator.

- "Infrastructure and Power" sector for all infrastructure investments (30% employment requirement).
- "Agribusiness and Food" sector for all agri-related investments (40% employment requirement).

Impact ventures, newly acquired or with a single employee, were not assessed at this stage, and reporting on these investments will begin in 2024. Where no clear quality indicator was available, the investments were designated as not aligned with the Challenge.



lob creation

Job creation is a critical impact in the context of South Africa's high unemployment levels. Gaia categorised direct jobs as those within the portfolio company or employed by the parent company. Indirect jobs were outsourced positions fully committed to the portfolio company. Job creation was measured using full-time equivalent ("FTE") jobs, calculated as follows:

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT = FULL-TIME JOBS + PART-TIME JOBS * 0.5 + SEASONAL JOBS * 0.5

Impact attribution

To ensure Gaia does not overstate or understate its impact, a fair share of impacts is attributed to each investment based on the proportion of long-term capital provided by Gaia. This is particularly relevant for metrics like job creation and emissions produced or avoided.



Household energy consumption

For the calculation of household equivalents powered, the average annual South African household electricity usage of 2 614 kWh was used³.





GHG scope 2 emissions

Scope 2 emissions assessments included fuel and electricity used by each investee. The GHG emissions were measured using the standard metric, tonnes of CO₂ equivalent (tCO₂e). The GHG emissions equivalent for electricity purchased was obtained from Eskom's Carbon Footprint Report 2021, using the constant of 1 058.2478 tCO₂e/GWh consumed⁴. Carbon intensity constants for fuel were 2.606 kgCO₂e/L for diesel and 2.305 kgCO₂e/L for petrol⁵.

- Link: https://www.2xchallenge.org.
- https://www.2xchallenge.org/2xcriteria. Link: https://shrinkthatfootprint.com/average-household-electricity-consumptic Link: https://www.eskom.co.za/wp-content/uploads/2022/09/2021-Carbon-
- Footprint-Report.pdf. Link: https://carbonfootprinting.org/wp-content/uploads/2022/02/4-Fuel.pdf.



statistics.

Valuations were based on listed fund values or audited financial statement valuations, typically using discounted cash flow models or net asset values. If financial statements were outdated, valuations were discounted to the report date using a 15% interest rate for South African assets.

cash flows.

General reporting and metrics

IRIS+ metrics were used where available, along with other necessary metrics. Portfolio companies acquired in the final three months of 2023 or with limited operating history were excluded from calculations. Data was linearly annualised if needed, and missing or incorrect data was omitted from

Valuations, transactions & currency values

This report uses US Dollar as the reporting currency, with conversions based on the transaction or valuation date, or year-end exchange rates for continuous

Investee Engagement

Introduction

Gaia is a long-term investor that aims to drive positive change in the investment landscape through financial and managerial additionality. The additionality Gaia brings as a manager comes through active investee engagement and stewardship. To support this, Gaia has partnered with Proof, a platform used to monitor impact and engage with investees to help improve their impact. One of the tools we use in this process is our ESG and impact questionnaire.

Purpose

The primary purpose of our investee questionnaire is to engage our investees and monitor their management's focus and alignment on sustainability, impact, and our priority ESG topics. By surveying investee management, we gain insight into their strategy and how ESG is integrated into future plans. This formal data collection allows Gaia to perform gap analyses, identifying where we can assist portfolio companies beyond traditional operational and financial support.

The second purpose of the questionnaire is to standardise data collection on ESG and impact-related topics. This ensures consistency and transparency in how Gaia obtains investee data, making it replicable and comparable across our portfolio. This data is then used for reporting on the portfolio companies and Gaia's overall impact.

Structure

The questionnaire begins by introducing investees to Gaia's current positioning and views on impact and ESG, as well as where Gaia is focusing its efforts to create positive change. The first set of questions examines the policies that investees have implemented and their priorities on broad ESG topics, including sustainability, diversity, equity, and inclusion ("DEI"), good governance, climate action, and net-zero commitments.

While a portfolio company's ability to create impact on these topics depends on the nature of the business, Gaia actively engages investees to maximise their positive contributions in these areas, aligning them with Gaia's priority impact themes. The remainder of the questionnaire addresses specific topics. It begins with environmental impact, including water and energy usage, awareness, savings, and carbon footprint. Next, social impact is covered, including job creation, employee remuneration, social economic development ("SED"), community upliftment, and employee benefits. Governance practices such as director composition, diversity, and risk management are also assessed. Finally, questions tailored to each company's investment category and KPIs are included.

Results

The results of the questionnaire are summarised in this report annually. This process will be revised to become a quarterly survey over the next 12 months to ensure more timely engagement. A full set of questionnaire results is available upon request.

Appendix A

The United Nations (UN) Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)





Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls.



Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas, and marine resources for sustainable development.



Protect, restore, and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, manage forests sustainably, combat desertification, and halt biodiversity loss.



Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all, and build effective, accountable, and inclusive institutions.



Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalise the global partnership for sustainable development.

Appendix B

List of Abbreviations

GIIN

IMP

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Global Impact Investing Network

Impact Management Project

AUM	Assets Under Management	
BN	Basic Needs	
C&I	Commercial & Industrial	
CF	Climate Finance	
CSI	Corporate Social Investment	
CSR	Corporate Social Responsibility	
DEI	Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion	
DNSH	Do No Significant Harm	
ED	Economic Development	
EIA	Environmental Impact Assessment	
ESG	Environmental, Social, and Governance	
EU Taxonomy	A classification system clarifying which investments are environmentally sustainable	
FTE	Full-Time Equivalent	
FS	Food Security	
GHG	Greenhouse Gas	

A system for impact investors to measure, i
Internet Service Provider
Living Standards Measure
Organisation for Economic Cooperation an
Principal Adverse Impact
Power Purchase Agreement
Public-Private Partnership
Principles for Responsible Investment
Renewable Energy Independent Power Pro
Real Estate Investment Trust
RKO Oosthuizen
Sustainability Accounting Standards Board
Sustainable Development Goal
Socio-Economic Development
Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation
United Nations
South African Rand

RAAR

A.C.

IRIS+

ISP

LSM

OECD

PAI

PPA

PPP

PRI

REIT

RKO

SASB

SDG

SED

SFDR

UN

ZAR

REIPPPP



manage, and optimise their impact (created by GIIN)

nd Development

oducer Procurement Programme

maxx









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